The owner of a traveling circus would like to increase his profits. To do this, he needs a larger "Big Top Tent" to accommodate more spectators.

You must determine the minimum price of a ticket to see the circus while taking the following into consideration:

## Conditions to be respected when determining the ticket price:

> The mean number of people attending each performance under the new "Big Top Tent" will be $90 \%$ of the total seating capacity
$>$ There are 450 circus performances per year
> The profit generated from ticket sales must be at least $15 \%$ of the total expenses
> The ticket price must be a whole number

## The Number of Seats under the new "Big Top Tent"

The following list shows the mean attendance for each circus performance over the last 12 years.

$$
890,900,870,960,945,995,995,965,1000,1000,1000,1000
$$

The new "Big Top Tent" will have $25 \%$ more seats than the mean attendance over the last 12 years.

## Weight of the new "Big Top Tent" (includes steel frame and canvas top)

## > The Steel Frame

The 11 weights below represent the different weights of the steel frame of the "Big Top Tent" that can be constructed. The weights are measured in kilograms.

$$
\begin{array}{lllllllllll}
1825 & 2600 & 1915 & 2450 & 2625 & 1875 & 2200 & 2715 & 1750 & 2200 & 1875
\end{array}
$$

The weight of the new "Big Top Tent" steel frame is equivalent to the $3^{\text {rd }}$ quartile.

## > The Canvas Top

The canvas top covers the exterior of the new "Big Top Tent" completely (the roof and the sides, but not the floor). The table below shows the relation between the number of seats under the new "Big Top Tent" and its respective volume, in $\mathrm{m}^{3}$.

| Number of seats | Volume of the new <br> "Big Top Tent" in $\mathbf{~ m}^{\mathbf{3}}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 600 | 3993.75 |
| 850 | 5493.75 |

In order to help the circus owner determine the amount of canvas needed, the manufacturing company has provided a scale model that is similar to the new "Big Top Tent" (shown below).

- The volume of the scale model is $0.486 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$
- The weight of the canvas top is a function of its surface area
- The weight of the canvas top is $0.5 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$


## The Cost of the new "Big Top Tent"

The cost of the new "Big Top Tent" depends on its total weight (steel frame and canvas top) and is determined by the following linear function:


$$
y=325 x+6675
$$

where x is the total weight, in kg , rounded to the nearest whole number $y$ is the cost in dollars

## Transportation Costs

In order for the circus to travel, a transport truck is required to move the "Big Top Tent" from city to city. The new "Big Top Tent" is larger than the old one so a new truck is needed to transport it. The cost of a transport truck depends on the total weight of the new "Big Top Tent":

|  | Total weight of the new <br> "Big Top Tent" | Cost of a new Transport <br> Truck |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1^{\text {st }}$ Model | Weight $\leq 2500 \mathrm{~kg}$ | $\$ 95000$ |
| $2^{\text {nd }}$ Model | $2500<$ Weight $\leq 4000 \mathrm{~kg}$ | $\$ 120000$ |
| $3^{\text {rd }}$ Model | Weight $>4000 \mathrm{~kg}$ | $\$ 175000$ |

## Advertisement Costs

The cost to advertise the circus for 1 year is \$ 16545000 .

## Labor Costs

The graph shows the inverse relation between the number of er set up the new "Big Top Tent".

It is determined that it will take 4 hours to set up the new "Big Tı .


Each employee hired to help set up the new "Big Top Tent" will receive an annual salary of \$35000.
Determine the minimum price of a ticket to see the circus while taking the following into consideration:

## 1) The Number of Seats under the new 'Big Top Tent'

$$
\text { mean }=\frac{890+900+870+960+945+995+995+965+(4 x 1000)}{12}=\frac{11520}{12}=960
$$

The number of seats is $25 \%$ more than the mean: $960 \times 1.25=\underline{1200 \text { seats }}$

## 2) The Weight of the new 'Big Top Tent'

## 2a) The Weight of the Steel Frame

Place the given weights in increasing order:

1750, 1825, 1875, 1875, 1915, 2200, 2200, 2450, 2600, 2625, 2715

$$
Q_{1}=1875 \quad Q_{2}=2200 \quad Q_{3}=2600
$$

Given that the new 'Big Top Tent' is equivalent to the 3rd quartile, the weight of the steel frame is therefore 2600 kg .

2 b) The Weight of the Canvas Top
> The volume of the new 'Big Top Tent' using the table of values
$y=a x+b$
$a=\frac{5493 .}{8}$
$a=\frac{1500}{250}$
$\begin{aligned} y & =6 x+b \\ 5493.75 & =6(850)+b\end{aligned}$
393.75=b
$a=6$
The rule is: $y=6 x+393.75$

Calculate the volume given that it seats 1200 people $\rightarrow x=1200$
$y=6(1200)+393.75$
$y=7593.75 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$
The volume of the new 'Big Top Tent' $=7593.75 \mathrm{~m}^{3}$
$>$ The similarity ratio $(\mathrm{K})$ between the new 'Big Top Tent' and the scale model

$$
\begin{aligned}
k^{3} & =\frac{7593.75}{0.486}=15625 \\
k & =\sqrt[3]{15625}=25
\end{aligned}
$$

The similarity ratio between the sides is $\mathrm{k}=25$
The similarity ratio between the areas is $\mathrm{k}^{2}=25^{2}=625$
> The surface area of the canvas top on the scale model
Total Surface Area $_{\text {Model }}=$
Lateral Area Cylinder Lateral Area $_{\text {cone }}+$ Lateral $^{\text {Area }}{ }_{\text {Large Rectangle }}+$ Lateral Areasmall Rectangle

Lateral Area $_{\text {Cylinder }}=2 \pi r h$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =2 \pi \cdot 60 \cdot 16 \\
& =1920 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Slant Height
Lateral Area $_{\text {cone }}=\pi$ SL

$$
\mathrm{SL}^{2}=60^{2}+32^{2}
$$

$=\pi \bullet 60 \bullet 68$
$\mathrm{SL}^{2}=4624^{2}$
$=4080 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2} \quad \sqrt{\mathrm{SL}^{2}}=\sqrt{4624^{2}}$
$\mathrm{SL}=68 \mathrm{~cm}$
Lateral Area $_{\text {Large Rectangle }}=L \bullet \ell \bullet 2$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =68 \cdot 48 \cdot 2 \\
& =6528 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

Lateral Area $_{\text {Small Rectangle }}=L \bullet \ell \bullet 2$

$$
=48 \cdot 16 \cdot 2
$$

$$
=1536 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
$$

Total Surface Area Model $=1920 \pi+4080 \pi+6528+1536$

$$
=26913.56 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}
$$

> Surface area of the canvas for the new 'Big Top Tent', using the similarity ratio between areas
$26913.56 \times 625=16820975 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}=1682.0975 \mathrm{~m}^{2}=1682.1 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
$>$ The weight of the new 'Big Top Tent' canvas top
$1682.1 \mathrm{~m}^{2} \times \frac{0.5 \mathrm{~kg}}{\mathrm{~m}^{2}}=841.050 \mathrm{~kg}$

## The total weight of the new 'Big Top Tent’

Total weight = weight of the steel frame + weight of canvas top
Total weight $=2600 \mathrm{~kg}+841.05 \mathrm{~kg}=3441.05 \mathrm{~kg}$

## 3) The total expenses of the new 'Big Top Tent'

## 3a) The cost of the new 'Big Top Tent'

Total weight of the 'Big Top Tent' is $3441 \mathrm{Kg} \rightarrow \mathrm{x}=3441$
$y=325 x+6675$
$y=325(3441)+6675$
$y=1125000$
Cost $=\$ 1125000$

## 3b) Transportation Costs

Total weight of the 'Big Top Tent' is $3441 \mathrm{Kg} \rightarrow 2^{\text {nd }}$ model, between 2500 kg and 4000 kg Cost of the transport truck $=\$ 120000$

## 3c) Advertisement Costs

Advertisement cost is \$16545000 (given)

## 3d) Labor costs

$$
y=\frac{k}{x}
$$

$8=\frac{k}{3}$
$k=24$

$$
\begin{aligned}
y & =\frac{24}{x} \\
4 & =\frac{24}{x} \\
4 x & =24 \\
x & =6 \text { employees }
\end{aligned}
$$

Cost of the 6 employees is $6 \times \$ 35000=\$ 210000$

## Total expenses of the New 'Big Top Tent'

Total expenses $=($ steel frame + canvas top $)+$ transportation costs + advertising costs + additional employee's salary

Total expenses $=1125000+120000+16545000+210000$
Total expenses $=\$ 18000000$

## 4) Price of a ticket

> The mean number of people attending each performance will be $90 \%$ of the total seating capacity

Number of Seats per year: 1200
$90 \%$ of the mean number of seats: $1200 \times 0.9=1080$ seats
> There are 450 circus performances per year
450 performances a year: $1080 \times 450=486000$ seats per year
$>$ The profit generated must be $\geq 15 \%$ of total expenses
Total Expenses: \$18 000000

Total Profit: $\$ 18000000 \times 0.15=\$ 2700000$

The Revenue from ticket sales
$\$ 18000000+\$ 2700000=20700000$
$>$ The ticket price
Let $x=$ price of a ticket
(Number of seats per year)(price of a ticket) $\geq$ Total sales
$486000 x \geq 20700000$
$x \geq 42.59$

The price of a ticket must be a whole number: $\mathrm{x}=\$ 43$

## Answer:

The minimum price of a ticket to see the circus will be $\$ 43$.

